

シラバス (様式)

授業科目名： 現代日本特論 Contemporary Japan	選択/必修： 選択 Elective	単位数： 2	セメスター： 隔年春 Spring	担当教員名： 信田智人 Tomohito Shinoda
<p>○授業の到達目標及びテーマ 日本の政治および経済の仕組みの基礎的な知識を教授し、この分野での研究の能力をつけることを目的とする。</p> <p>This course aims to instruct the basic knowledge of Japanese politics and economy, and have them acquire the capability to further research the topics in the field.</p>				
<p>○授業の概要</p> <p>これは、日本政治および経済に関する、大学院レベルの入門から発展段階の授業である。本科目は、主として外国人留学生を念頭においている。日本の政治、経済に関して、一般的な制度、過程、政策を紹介、分析する。</p> <p>まず第1部となる歴史的な背景から入り、明治期に成立した政治および経済制度がどのようなものだったかを検証し、それが戦時期にどう変化したかを見ていく。そして占領期において政治制度が新たに導入されたのに対し、経済回復を重視した占領政策は戦時期の政府主導の経済制度定着につながった様子を解説する。</p> <p>第二部では、日本の経済政策決定における政治アクターを個別にみていく。第7-10回では行政府、とくに官僚の役割についてみる。個別的に大蔵（財務）省の金融政策や通産省の産業政策の有効性を検証し、その後、両省がどのような役割を果たしたかを論じる。第11-12回では政治家の役割について見ていく。内閣や首相の役割、自民党一党支配下での政治過程の成立、政治と経済の関係について議論する。最後の第13-14回では民間部門に焦点を当てる。まず、財界などを中心とした利益団体の役割をみて、日本のコーポレートガバナンスについて論じ、民間部門の経済政策決定における影響力を検証する。最終週には、学生による期末ペーパーの課題に関してプレゼンテーションを行う。</p> <p>This course covers the basics to applied topics on Japanese politics and economy. This course is designed mainly for foreign students, and introduces and analyzes the general institutions, process and policies on Japanese politics and economy.</p> <p>Part I will be on the historical background which would examine the political and economic institutions introduced in the Meiji period, and see how they transformed during the wartime period. In the Occupation period, while most of political institutions were renewed, the government-led economic institutions were revived in order to promote economic recovery.</p> <p>Part II will be actor-based analysis. Week 7-10 will cover the executive branch, especially the role of the bureaucracy. We will examine the role of the Ministries of Finance and International Trade and Industry. Week 11-12 will look into the role of the politicians, including the Cabinet, the Diet and the Political Parties. Week 13-14 will analyze the role of the private sector, including the interest groups and individual corporations and their corporate governance. The last week is for student presentations.</p>				

○授業の方法

1) 英語で行われる。2) 受講生は、(下に示す) 基本文献を読み、また授業での討議に積極的に参加することを求められる。3) 受講生は、3000ワードの期末ペーパーを書かなければならない。また口頭での発表が求められる。

1) This course is offered in English. 2) Students are expected to read course materials (see below) and actively participate in Q & A and class discussion. 3) Students are required to write final paper (3000 words) and to make an oral presentation.

○授業計画

第1-2回 授業の紹介授業内容の概略と歴史的背景

Course Introduction and the Historical Review

A brief review of the historical development of the political and economic system from the beginning of the Feudal System (12th Century) through Edo and Meiji Period, to the end of WWII with emphasis on the prewar problems in the development of democracy and the controlled economy.

Required: Hayes, 11-28; Reischauer, 113-217.

第3-4回 日本政治経済システムの歴史的起源

Historical and Social Origins of Japan's Political Economy from Meiji era to the Occupation

This week we will look into the transition of Japan's political economy from the early stage of free-market capitalism to the wartime controlled economy.

Required: Okazaki and Okuno-Fujiwara, ed., Chap. 1; and Johnson, Chaps. 3-5.

第5-6回 占領、憲法、政治制度

Occupation, Constitution and Political Institutions

This week we will examine the occupation reforms, including the enactment of the current Constitution, which established the structure of the government and institutionalized democracy.

Required: Government Section, SCAP, 82-144; Hayes, 29-44.

Suggested: Schaller, all.

第7-8回 通産省と産業政策

Bureaucracy, and Industrial Policy

One of the major characteristics of Japanese politics is the strong bureaucracy. We will look at the role of civil servants in postwar Japan and the current arguments in administrative reform.

Students are assigned to report on an individual ministry or agency of the central government.

Required: Shinoda, 14-18; Woronoff, 106-149; Jain and Inoguchi, 92-107; Vogel, Chap. 4; Okimoto, Chap.1; and Johnson, Chap. 7.

第9-10回 大蔵(財務)省と金融政策

Bureaucracy and Financial Policy

The most powerful ministry was the Ministry of Finance (MOF). We look into the role of the MOF and the development of the Japanese Economy

Required: Okazaki and Okuno-Fujiwara, Chap. 2; Johnson, Chap. 6; Calder (1993), Chaps. 1-4.

Suggested: Frances Rosenbluth, *Financial Politics in Contemporary Japan* (Cornell U.,

1989).

第 11-12 回 内閣、国会、政党

The Cabinet, the Diet, and the Political Parties

This week we look into the role of the political actors. The political institutions surrounding the Cabinet and the prime minister, the Diet or national parliament, the politicians and their political parties.

Required: Shinoda, 18-42, and Chap.4; Gaunter, 14-35, 48- 114; Hayes, 67-100; and Calder (1988) , Chaps. 1, 2 and 4; and Katz, Chap.5.

第 13-14 回 利益団体と日本企業のコーポレートガバナンス

Interest Groups and Corporative Governance

We examine the role of the private sector. We look into the business community (zaikai), the industrial associations and other organizations as interest groups. We also discuss the industrial organizations such as keiretsu and the corporate governance of Japanese companies.

Required: Okazaki and Okuno-Fujiwara, Chaps. 3; Calder (1993), Chaps. 5-6; Charkham, Chaps. 3; and Vogel, Chap. 6.

第 15 回 学生のプレゼンテーション

Presentation by students

Bibliography

Calder, Kent. *Crisis and Compensation*. Princeton: Princeton U. Press, 1989.

Calder, Kent. *Strategic Capitalism* (Princeton U., 1993).

Charkham, Jonathan P. *Keeping Good Company* (Clarendon Press, 1994).

Gaunter, Alisa, ed. *The Routledge Handbook of Japanese Politics*, London: Routledge, 2011.

Government Section, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. *Political Reorientation of Japan*. Washington, D.C.: GPO, 1949.

Hayes, Louis D. *Introduction to Japanese Politics*. 5th ed. New York: M.E. Sharpe, 2009.

Jain, Punendra and Takashi Inoguchi, eds. *Japanese Politics Today: Beyond Karaoke Democracy?* New York: St. Martins Press, 1997.

Johnson, Chalmers. *MITI and the Japanese Miracle*. Stanford: Stanford U. Press, 1982.

Katz, Richard. *Japan: The System that Soured* (M.E. Sharpe, 1998).

Okazaki, Tetsuji and Masahiro Okuno-Fujiwara, ed., *The Japanese Economic System And Its Historical Origins* (Oxford Univ. Press, 1999).

Okimoto, Daniel, *Between MITI and the Market* (Stanford U., 1989).

Reischauer, Edwin O. *Japan: The Story of a Nation*. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1974.

Shinoda, Tomohito. *Contemporary Japanese Politics: Institutional Changes and Power Shift*, Columbia University Press, 2013.

Vogel, Ezra, *Japan as No.1* (Harvard U., 1979).

Woronoff, Jon. *Politics the Japanese Way*. Houndmills: MacMillian Press, 1986.

テキスト

Shinoda, Tomohito. *Contemporary Japanese Politics: Institutional Changes and Power Shift*, Columbia University Press, 2013.

Okazaki, Tetsuji and Masahiro Okuno-Fujiwara, ed., *The Japanese Economic System And Its Historical Origins* (Oxford Univ. Press, 1999).

参考書・参考資料等

Calder, Kent. *Crisis and Compensation*. Princeton: Princeton U. Press, 1989.

Calder, Kent. *Strategic Capitalism* (Princeton U., 1993).

Charkham, Jonathan P. *Keeping Good Company* (Clarendon Press, 1994).

Gaunter, Alisa, ed. *The Routledge Handbook of Japanese Politics*, London: Routledge, 2011.

Government Section, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. *Political Reorientation of Japan*. Washington, D.C.: GPO, 1949.

Hayes, Louis D. *Introduction to Japanese Politics*. 5th ed. New York: M.E. Sharpe, 2009.

Jain, Punendra and Takashi Inoguchi, eds. *Japanese Politics Today: Beyond Karaoke Democracy?* New York: St. Martins Press, 1997.

Johnson, Chalmers. *MITI and the Japanese Miracle*. Stanford: Stanford U. Press, 1982.

Katz, Richard. *Japan: The System that Soured* (M.E. Sharpe, 1998).

Okimoto, Daniel, *Between MITI and the Market* (Stanford U., 1989).

Reischauer, Edwin O. *Japan: The Story of a Nation*. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1974.

Vogel, Ezra, *Japan as No.1* (Harvard U., 1979).

Woronoff, Jon. *Politics the Japanese Way*. Houndmills: MacMillian Press, 1986.

学生に対する評価

- 1) クラス討論への貢献・出席(Participation) : 20%
- 2) 期末ペーパーの口頭発表 (Oral Presentation) : 20%
- 3) 期末ペーパー(3000 ワード、Final paper in English): 60%